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**TITLE 110 - NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
CHAPTERS 1 THROUGH 11
STATE OF NEBRASKA
BOARD OF ENGINEERS AND ARCHITECTS**

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

NUMERICAL TABLE OF CONTENTS

| <u>SUBJECT</u> | <u>STATUTORY AUTHORITY</u> | <u>PAGE</u> |
|---|---|--------------------|
| Chapter 1. General Provisions | §§ 81-3401 to 81-3455, 84-712.05 | 1 |
| Chapter 2. Licensure of Professional Engineers By Examination | §§ 81-3421, 81-3422, 81-3437, 81-3438, 81-3451, 81-3453, 81-3454 | 8 |
| Chapter 3. Licensure of Architects By Examination..... | §§ 81-3420, 81-3435, 81-3437, 81-3438, 81-3448, 81-3449, 81-3450 | 16 |
| Chapter 4. Comity | §§ 81-3435, 81-3448, 81-3451 | 19 |
| Chapter 5. Code of Practice..... | § 81-3434 | 25 |
| Chapter 6. The Licensee Seal | §§ 81-3437, 81-3450, 81-3454 | 31 |
| Chapter 7. Organizational Practice | §§ 81-3436, 81-3449 | 34 |
| Chapter 8. Enforcement..... | §§ 81-3441, 81-3442, 81-3443, 81-3444 | 37 |
| Chapter 9. Continuing Education | § 81-3438 | 41 |
| Chapter 10. Exemptions; Clarification..... | § 81-3449, 81-3453 | 44 |
| Chapter 11. Promulgation, Amendment, or Repeal of Rules..... | § 81-3430 | 49 |

ALPHABETICAL TABLE OF CONTENTS

| <u>SUBJECT</u> | <u>STATUTORY AUTHORITY</u> | <u>PAGE</u> |
|--|-----------------------------------|--------------------|
| Architects, Licensure by Examination | §§ 81-3448 to 81-3450 | 16 |
| Architects; Applications for ARE Examination | §§ 81-3448 | 18 |
| Architects; Certificates | §§ 81-3437, 81-3438 | 18 |
| Architects; Education Requirements..... | § 81-3448..... | 16 |
| Architects; Examinations..... | § 81-3448..... | 16 |
| Architects; Experience | § 81-3448..... | 16 |
| Code of Practice..... | § 81-3434..... | 25 |
| Comity | §§ 81-3448, 81-3451 | 19 |
| Continuing Education..... | § 81-3438..... | 41 |
| Coordinating Professional | § 81-3437 | 33 |

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

ALPHABETICAL TABLE OF CONTENTS

(continued)

| <u>SUBJECT</u> | <u>STATUTORY AUTHORITY</u> | <u>PAGE</u> |
|---|---|--------------------|
| Definitions; Exemptions; Clarification..... | §§ 81-3449, 81-3453 | 44 |
| Design-Build..... | § 81-3449..... | 35 |
| Enforcement..... | § 81-3444..... | 37 |
| Engineers; Application for PE or SE Exams | § 81-3451 | 13 |
| Engineers; Education Requirements | § 81-3451 | 8 |
| Engineers; Examination | § 81-3452..... | 11 |
| Engineers; Experience | § 81-3451 | 9 |
| Engineers; Requirements for Licensure..... | §§ 81-3437, 81-3438, 81-3451, 81-3452... .. | 8 |
| Exemptions; Definitions..... | §§ 81-3449, 81-3453 | 44 |
| General Provisions | §§ 81-3401 to 81-3455, 84-712.05 | 1 |
| Livestock Waste Permits..... | §§ 81-3449, 81-3453 | 47 |
| Occupancy Classification; Exemptions | §§ 81-3449, 81-3453 | 45 |
| Organizational Practice | § 81-3436..... | 34 |
| Promulgation, Amendment or Repeal of Rules ... | § 81-3430..... | 49 |
| Projects Based on Previously Sealed Docs..... | §§ 81-3420, 81-3421 | 32 |
| Remediation; Enforcement | § 81-3444..... | 39 |
| Seal, Use of..... | §§ 81-3437.01, 81-3450, 81-3454 | 31 |
| Temporary Permit to Practice Architecture | § 81-3437 | 23 |
| Temporary Permit to Practice Engineering | §§ 81-3437, 81-3453 | 21 |
| Water Based Fire Protection Systems | §§ 81-3449, 81-3453 | 47 |

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

CHAPTER 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

1.1 Definitions

- 1.1.1 ACE: The acronym “ACE” means Architectural Continuing Education, the biennial continuing education required by the Board for renewal or reinstatement of licensure for architects.
- 1.1.2 ARE: The acronym “ARE” means the Architects Registration Examination, as developed by NCARB.
- 1.1.3 EAC/ABET: The acronym “EAC/ABET” means the Engineering Accreditation Commission of ABET Inc. EAC/ABET accreditation is required for engineering programs not later than two years after issuance of the degree.
- 1.1.4 ECE: The acronym “ECE” means the Engineering Continuing Education, the biennial continuing education required by the Board for renewal or reinstatement of licensure for professional engineers.
- 1.1.5 FE Examination: “FE Examination” means the Fundamentals of Engineering Examination, as developed by NCEES.
- 1.1.6 IDP: The acronym “IDP” means the Intern Development Program of NCARB, or its equivalent as determined by NCARB.
- 1.1.7 NAAB: The acronym “NAAB” means the National Architectural Accrediting Board. NAAB accreditation is required for architecture programs not later than two years after issuance of the degree.
- 1.1.8 NCARB: The acronym “NCARB” means the National Council of Architectural Registration Boards.
- 1.1.9 NCEES: The acronym “NCEES” means the National Council of Examiners for Engineering and Surveying.
- 1.1.10 PE Examination: “PE Examination” means the Principals and Practice of Engineering Examination, as developed by NCEES.

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

- 1.1.11 E&A Act: The Engineers and Architects Regulation Act, Neb. Rev. Stat. §§ 81-3401 through 81-3455, shall be known and may be cited as E&A Act.
- 1.1.12 E&A Rules: The Nebraska Rules and Regulations, Title 110 of the Nebraska Administrative Code, Chapters 1 through 11, shall be known and may be cited as E&A Rules.
- 1.1.13 MLE: “MLE” means an individual who holds an NCEES Council Record that has been designated as a Model Law Engineer or Model Law Structural Engineer record by NCEES.
- 1.1.14 MLSE: “MLSE” means an individual who holds an NCEES Council Record that has been designated as a Model Law Structural Engineer.
- 1.1.15 NCARB Certificate Holder: “NCARB Certificate Holder” means an individual who holds a Certificate issued by NCARB indicating the NCARB Certification requirements have been met.
- 1.1.16 Temporary Permit: A permit issued by the Board to an architect or professional engineer who is not licensed in Nebraska for use on a single project.

1.2 Terms Defined by Statute

Terms defined in the E&A Act shall have the same meanings when used in these regulations.

1.3 Purpose

The Nebraska Rules and Regulations are set forth for the purpose of interpreting and implementing the Engineers and Architects Regulation Act (hereafter, the E&A Act), establishing the Board, and conferring upon it responsibility for licensure of architects and professional engineers and the regulation of the practice of engineering and architecture.

1.4 Board’s Regulatory Authority

The E&A Rules are promulgated under authority of and in conformity with the E&A Act.

1.5 Severability

If any provisions of these regulations or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or application of these regulations which can be given

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of these regulations are declared to be severable.

1.6 Adoption of the Attorney General’s Model Rules

The Board has adopted Title 53, Nebraska Administrative Code, Chapters 1 through 4 of the Nebraska Department of Justice, also known as the Attorney General’s Model Rules, and has incorporated them into these regulations.

1.7 Federal Requirements

Nothing in the Act shall imply exemption from requirements of any federal statute or regulation, including, but not limited to, the Americans with Disabilities Act and the Fair Housing Act.

1.8 Declaratory Rulings

Procedures governing Declaratory Rulings shall be in accordance with Title 53, Nebraska Administrative Code, Chapter 3 of the Nebraska Department of Justice.

1.9 Record of Board’s Actions

A quorum of five members of the Board is required for Board actions. The Board will keep record of actions enacted at its meetings.

1.10 Board Member Conflicts of Interest

- 1.10.1 Board members shall not vote on any matter in which they have any interest, financial or otherwise, direct or indirect, or engage in any business transaction or professional activity or incur any obligation of any nature which is in conflict with the proper discharge of their duties as a Board member.
- 1.10.2 Board members are prohibited from using or attempting to use their official position to secure unwarranted privileges or exemptions for themselves or others.
- 1.10.3 Board members shall not give the impression that they may be improperly influenced in the performance of Board member duties, or that they are improperly affected by the kinship, rank, position, or influence of any party or person.
- 1.10.4 A Board member shall not accept gifts of value or loans from persons having business before the Board which are intended to or which might appear to influence the official relationship between the donor and recipient.

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

1.11 Confidentiality of Information

- 1.11.1 Records denoted in Neb. Rev. Stat. § 84-712.05 shall be considered confidential.
- 1.11.2 Replies received from references regarding the qualifications of an applicant shall be placed in files that are considered non-public records. The source and character of the information will not be divulged except when required by law.

1.12 Conditional License

- 1.12.1 The Board may authorize Board staff to issue licenses on a conditional basis, pending formal approval of the license application by the Board.
- 1.12.2 A conditional license may be withdrawn by the Board if it determines the applicant does not qualify for any reason.
- 1.12.3 In the event the Board fails to give formal approval of a license that has been issued on a conditional basis, the conditional license will expire at 11:59 p.m. on the date the licensee is notified of such Board action.
- 1.12.4 Architectural and professional engineering services performed pursuant to a conditional license that is subsequently withdrawn by the Board will be deemed to have been performed pursuant to a valid license.

1.13 Expired License Status

1.13.1 License Expiration Date

- 1.13.1.1 A license to practice expires at 11:59 p.m. on the expiration date noted on the license.
- 1.13.1.2 An architect or professional engineer cannot practice, as provided in the E&A Act, with an expired license.

1.13.2 Renewing Expired Licenses

- 1.13.2.1 Licenses that have expired may be renewed during the following twelve months upon payment of a penalty plus the renewal fee.

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

1.13.2.2 The penalty fee to be paid for the renewal shall be ten percent of the renewal fee for each month after the expiration date, not to exceed the amount of the renewal fee.

1.13.2.3 Licenses that have expired and are not renewed within twelve months from their expiration date cannot be renewed, but will require reinstatement.

1.13.3 Reinstatement of a License

1.13.3.1 An expired license may be reinstated to active status, pending approval of the Board, upon submission of the following:

1.13.3.1.1 A new application;

1.13.3.1.2 Payment of fees and penalties, if applicable;

1.13.3.1.3 Documentation establishing that the applicant has complied with the continuing education requirements set forth in these rules for the period during which the license was expired; and

1.13.3.1.4 An affidavit attesting that the applicant has not practiced engineering and/or architecture in Nebraska during the time the license was expired; or

1.13.3.1.5 If such attestation cannot be made, an explanation acceptable to the Board of the applicant's practice during the expiration period.

1.13.3.2 Applicants seeking reinstatement must meet current requirements for licensure by examination or comity.

1.13.3.3 The original license number will be retained.

1.13.4 Emeritus Status

1.13.4.1 Professional engineers and architects whose licenses are subject to renewal but who are not engaged in their professional practice may elect emeritus status.

1.13.4.2 Architects and professional engineers who have elected emeritus status retain their professional honorary titles but are prohibited from practicing.

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

- 1.13.4.3 Architects and professional engineers who have elected emeritus status are subject to annual renewals at a fee established by the Board.
- 1.13.4.4 Architects and professional engineers who have elected emeritus status will receive Board publications.
- 1.13.4.5 To be reinstated to practice, an architect or professional engineer who has elected emeritus status must submit a new application to the Board, submit an affidavit that they have not practiced architecture or engineering during the emeritus period, and meet the requirements of Rule 9.6.1.4.

1.14 Enrollment as an Engineer Intern (EI)

- 1.14.1 Enrollment as an Engineer Intern may be granted upon the applicant's submission of the following:
 - 1.14.1.1 An application and fee as prescribed by the Board;
 - 1.14.1.2 Verification that the applicant has passed the FE Examination; such verification shall be submitted directly by the jurisdiction in which the examination was taken or by NCEES;
 - 1.14.1.3 Verification that the applicant has satisfied the education requirement set forth in Rule 2.2.1; such verification shall be submitted directly by the institution at which the education was obtained or from its authorized agent; and
 - 1.14.1.4 Three references indicating the applicant's good reputation and ethical character.
- 1.14.2 Applications for enrollment as an EI may be administratively approved by Board staff but are conditional until formally approved by the Board.
- 1.14.3 Enrollment as an EI is not required for licensure in Nebraska or to sit for the PE Examination.

1.15 License Fees

- 1.15.1 The fee schedule and methods of payment shall be set by the Board.

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

1.15.2 All fees are non-refundable. However, fees initially paid to the Board by an applicant for a specific application, but not used for that specific application, may be used as a credit for a different application fee during the same fiscal year at the applicant's discretion.

1.16 Professional Assistance

The Board may retain professional assistance in carrying out administrative matters and other general governance of the Board. Such assistance may include financial, technological, legal, and administrative consultation.

1.17 Licensee Lists

Lists of architects and professional engineers licensed by the Board, as well as those who have applied for licensure, will be issued upon written request in accordance with Nebraska law regarding the production of public records.

1.18 Photographs and Transcripts

Photographs shall not be required for identification on applications received by the Board. Transcripts or other documents issued directly by the granting institution of higher education, or its authorized agent, will be acceptable as proof of graduation when such proof is required by the Board.

1.19 Emeritus Board Member

When requested by the Board, an Emeritus board member may represent the Board at authorized meetings. Expenses incurred by the Emeritus board member at such functions may be reimbursed by the Board.

1.20 Licensure of Board Members

At all times during their terms on the Board, professional engineer and architect members of the Board, including the education members, must be licensed in Nebraska in their respective professions.

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

CHAPTER 2. LICENSURE OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS BY EXAMINATION

2.1 Requirements for Licensure by Examination

Licensure by examination requires that the applicants have:

- (1) satisfied the education requirements set forth in Rule 2.2;
- (2) satisfied the experience requirement set forth in Rule 2.3;
- (3) passed the FE Examination, the PE Examination, and the Nebraska E&A Act Examination as set forth in Rule 2.4; and
- (4) complied with the application process set forth in Rule 2.5.

2.2 Education Requirements for Examination (FE and PE)

- 2.2.1 Candidates for the Fundamentals of Engineering Examination (FE) are required to hold a degree or have senior standing in a curriculum leading to an engineering degree from an EAC/ABET-accredited engineering program *or* meet the NCEES Education Standard.
- 2.2.2 Candidates for the Principles and Practice of Engineering Examination (PE) are required to hold an EAC/ABET-accredited engineering degree or meet the NCEES Education Standard.
- 2.2.3 A program is considered to be EAC/ABET accredited under these rules if accreditation is granted for the program no later than two years after issuance of the applicant's degree.
- 2.2.4 A degree in Engineering Technology does not meet the education requirements.
- 2.2.5 Those holding degrees from programs not EAC/ABET accredited must establish that their education meets the NCEES Education Standard by evaluation through the NCEES Credentials Evaluation.
 - 2.2.5.1 Deficiencies defined by the evaluation service may be corrected by taking coursework related to the deficiency in a post-secondary institution offering EAC/ABET-accredited engineering programs or in programs otherwise acceptable to the Board.
 - 2.2.5.2 Coursework from post-secondary education institutions that are not EAC/ABET accredited will be acceptable if the coursework is approved by an EAC/ABET-accredited institution to be "transferable." A letter from the EAC/ABET-accredited institution may be required for substantiation.

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

- 2.2.5.3 Passing scores will be accepted in college level exams given by approved third parties including College Board Exams (CLEP) in subjects related to the deficiency or as otherwise acceptable to the Board.
- 2.2.5.4 With Board approval, up to nine semester credit hours of deficiency in general education may be removed for applicants who have obtained a college degree from an institution whose primary language of instruction is not English or who can demonstrate fluency in multiple languages or dialects.
- 2.2.5.5 Once the deficiencies are removed, the Board will consider the education as satisfying the Board's education requirement.
- 2.2.5.6 The Board may defer action on deficient applications until these education requirements have been met.

2.3 Experience

- 2.3.1 Candidates for the Principles and Practice of Engineering Examination (PE) shall have not less than four years of work experience acceptable to the Board.
 - 2.3.1.1 For purposes of this rule, "work" means professional services comprising the practice of engineering.
- 2.3.2 Work experience for applicants may start immediately following graduation from a four-year or equivalent engineering program.
- 2.3.3 A candidate may not sit for the PE Examination or the SE Examination until at least four calendar years after completion of an EAC/ABET-accredited degree, irrespective of the combination of work experience and education credit that may be available for an advanced degree.
- 2.3.4 Successful completion of graduate study leading to an advanced degree in engineering may satisfy part of the experience requirement.
 - 2.3.4.1 A Masters Degree in engineering may be used for credit for one year of experience *if* it is preceded by an EAC/ABET-accredited baccalaureate degree in engineering.
 - 2.3.4.2 A Doctorate Degree in engineering may be used for two years of experience *if* it is preceded by an EAC/ABET-accredited degree in engineering; in the case

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

of a Doctorate Degree, no additional experience will be credited for a Masters Degree.

- 2.3.5 The Board will consider engineering experience performed outside the United States if the Board determines that such experience is gained under a licensed professional engineer from an NCEES jurisdiction, or upon reasonable investigation by an engineer Board member, that such experience was performed under circumstances comparable to the standards for engineering in the United States. All materials necessary to such determination must be provided by and at the expense of the applicant.
- 2.3.6 Experience must indicate that, over the course of time, the applicant's work has been of increasing quality and has required greater responsibility.
- 2.3.7 Only work of an engineering nature which follows graduation from a professional engineering program may be used to satisfy the experience requirement.
- 2.3.8 Experience must not be obtained in violation of the E&A Act.
- 2.3.9 Experience gained in the armed services may be used to satisfy the experience requirement if it was of a character equivalent to that which would have been gained in the civilian sector doing similar work. Generally, such experience will be creditable only if the applicant served in an engineering or engineering-related group.
- 2.3.10 Experience should be gained under the supervision of a licensed professional engineer or, if not, an explanation should be made showing why the experience should be considered acceptable to the Board.
- 2.3.11 Sales experience may be used to satisfy the experience requirement only if the applicant can demonstrate that engineering principles were required and used in gaining the experience.
- 2.3.12 Engineering teaching experience may be used to satisfy the experience requirement, subject to the Board's approval, if the courses were at an advanced level in a college or university offering an engineering curriculum of four years or more.
- 2.3.13 Experience gained in engineering research and design projects by members of an engineering faculty where the curriculum is approved by the Board may be used to satisfy the experience requirement.

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

- 2.3.14 Construction experience may be used to satisfy the experience requirement only if the applicant can demonstrate that the work required the application of engineering principles.
- 2.3.15 Experience may not be anticipated. The experience must have been received at the time of the application.

2.4 Examination for Licensure as Professional Engineers

- 2.4.1 The Examinations used by the Board to determine eligibility for licensure shall be the current NCEES Fundamentals of Engineering Examination (FE), the Principles and Practice of Engineering Examination (PE) or the Structural Engineering Examination (SE), and the Nebraska E&A Act Examination.
 - 2.4.1.1 The Board will follow NCEES policies and schedules for taking and retaking FE Examinations.
 - 2.4.1.2 The Board will determine applicant eligibility for the PE Examination and the SE Examination, and forward eligibility information to NCEES.
 - 2.4.1.2.1 Once an applicant has been approved to take the PE Examination or the SE Examination, they remain qualified to retake that same examination for five years. The five years shall commence on the date of the first scheduled examination after the applicant has been approved.
 - 2.4.1.3 The Board will accept the examination result as determined by NCEES.
 - 2.4.1.4 If there is any reported examination irregularity on the part of an applicant, the Board will investigate the allegation and take appropriate action.
 - 2.4.1.5 Passage of the FE Examination, PE Examination, and SE Examination will be determined by the NCEES pass/fail standards in place at the time the examination was taken.
 - 2.4.1.6 For security reasons, items in the examination will not be available for review by the examinee.
 - 2.4.1.7 After a fourth or subsequent failure of the PE Examination or the SE Examination, the candidate shall present the Board with evidence of having acquired additional relevant formal instruction before being reexamined. Such

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

candidates shall be eligible for examination annually. Relevant formal instruction means coursework consisting of at least two semester credit hours at the undergraduate or graduate level in the knowledge areas identified as failed in the NCEES diagnostic report. The coursework must be acceptable at, or transferrable to an institution that offers EAC/ABET-accredited engineering programs. Online coursework is acceptable. Examination preparatory classes, continuing education offerings, and individual study do not satisfy the formal learning requirement.

- 2.4.1.7.1 Failure of either component of the SE Examination will be treated as a retake for purposes of Rule 2.4.1.7.
- 2.4.1.8 An applicant's failure to attend an examination for which he or she has been scheduled will forfeit the application fee, except as otherwise determined by NCEES policies.
- 2.4.1.9 Failure of an applicant to attend an examination for which he or she has been scheduled to attend shall not be considered as a failure of the examination or as a retake under Rule 2.4.1.7.
- 2.4.1.10 Only active United States military personnel will be allowed to have the PE examination or the SE Examination proctored; any proctoring shall be in accordance with NCEES policies and guidelines.
- 2.4.2 All applicants for the PE Examination or the SE Examination must have passed the FE Examination.
- 2.4.3 The Principles and Practice of Engineering Examination (PE Examination)
 - 2.4.3.1 The PE Examinations are given in disciplines offered by NCEES, *except* that the Board reserves the right not to examine in certain disciplines offered by NCEES or to examine in specialized disciplines or areas of engineering not offered by NCEES.
 - 2.4.3.2 Applicants will be permitted to sit for the PE Examination in a discipline different from that of the applicant's education upon the Board's acceptance of evidence of four years of work experience in the discipline of the requested examination.
- 2.4.4 The Principles and Practice of Structural Engineering Examination (SE Examination)

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

2.4.4.1 The SE Examination shall consist of two components: the Vertical Forces (gravity/other) and Incidental Lateral component, and the Lateral Forces (wind/earthquake) component.

2.4.4.1.1 A candidate may sit for each component in separate exam administrations but must receive acceptable results on both components within a five-year period.

2.4.4.1.2 Receiving acceptable results on only one component shall not be sufficient for licensure in structural engineering or any other engineering discipline.

2.4.4.1.3 Applicants who have passed both components of the SE Examination, or its equivalent as defined by NCEES, shall be eligible for licensure as a Professional Structural Engineer.

2.4.5 The Nebraska E&A Act Examination

2.4.5.1 Following successful passage of the PE Examination or the SE Examination, an applicant must pass an examination, prepared and administered by the Board, on the Nebraska E&A Act, E&A Rules and practice ethics.

2.4.5.2 The purpose of the examination is to test an applicant's familiarity with the E&A Act, the E&A Rules, and the ethics of practicing engineering.

2.4.5.3 After a second or subsequent failure of the Nebraska E&A Act Examination, the candidate may be required to acquire additional instruction before being reexamined. Such candidates shall be eligible for examination every thirty days.

2.5 Application for PE Examination or SE Examination

2.5.1 To be eligible to sit for the PE Examination or the SE Examination, an applicant must:

2.5.1.1 Submit an application on or before the filing deadline established by the Board;

2.5.1.1.1 Applicants must submit a separate application for each discipline in which examination is requested.

2.5.1.2 Submit five references indicating good reputation and ethical character, three of which are from professional engineers;

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

- 2.5.1.2.1 If an applicant cannot provide three references from professional engineers, five references must still be submitted together with an explanation as to why the professional references are unavailable.
- 2.5.1.3 Provide satisfactory evidence of meeting the education requirement as set forth in these rules. Such evidence shall be received directly from the institution at which the education was received or from the institution's authorized agent;
- 2.5.1.4 Provide verification of passing the FE Examination. Such verification must be received directly from the jurisdiction in which the examination was taken or from NCEES; and
- 2.5.1.5 Provide satisfactory evidence of meeting the experience requirement as set forth in these rules.
- 2.5.2 Licensure as a Professional Engineer following Examination
 - 2.5.2.1 Upon passage of the PE Examination or the SE Examination, as approved by the Board, a certificate of licensure shall be issued containing the licensed applicant's full name, license number, and discipline of practice.
 - 2.5.2.2 Licensure shall be in the discipline of the PE Examination upon which the license is issued.
 - 2.5.2.3 Certificates of Licensure issued to Professional Engineers will be inscribed with the discipline in which the individual is licensed to practice.
 - 2.5.2.3.1 Those licensed in multiple disciplines will be issued separate certificates for each discipline.
 - 2.5.2.4 Professional Architectural Engineer
 - 2.5.2.4.1 Professional Engineers licensed on the basis of Architectural Engineering education, experience, and examination shall be designated Professional Architectural Engineers.
 - 2.5.2.4.2 Professional Architectural Engineers shall be considered qualified to design engineering systems commonly associated with buildings. They shall not practice or offer to practice architecture.
 - 2.5.2.5 Professional Structural Engineer (S.E.)

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

- 2.5.2.5.1 Professional Engineers who are licensed on the basis of structural engineering, experience and examination shall be designated Professional Structural Engineers and may use the designation S.E. with their name.

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

CHAPTER 3. LICENSURE OF ARCHITECTS BY EXAMINATION

3.1 Requirements for Licensure by Examination

Licensure by examination requires that the applicant have:

- (1) satisfied the education requirements set forth in Rule 3.2;
- (2) satisfied the experience requirements set forth in Rule 3.3;
- (3) passed the ARE Examination and the Nebraska E&A Act Examination as set forth in Rule 3.4; and
- (4) complied with the application process set forth in Rule 3.5.

3.2 Education Requirements

3.2.1 An applicant must:

- 3.2.1.1 Hold a professional degree in architecture from a program accredited by NAAB; or
- 3.2.1.2 Obtain an evaluation report in accordance with Board requirements stating that the applicant has met the NCARB Education Standard through the Education Evaluation Services for Architects (EESA) through NAAB.
 - 3.2.1.2.1 If education deficiencies are not resolved by EESA, the Board will review and make a determination of the appropriate corrective measures to remove the deficiency.

3.3 Experience

3.3.1 Completion of IDP, or its equivalent as determined by NCARB, is required prior to licensure.

3.4 Examinations

3.4.1 The Examination used by the Board to determine eligibility for licensure shall be the current NCARB Architect Registration Examination (ARE) as accepted by the Board.

3.4.1.1 The Board will follow NCARB's policies on scheduling and retaking the ARE.

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

- 3.4.1.2 The Board will verify applicant eligibility and forward eligibility information to NCARB.
 - 3.4.1.3 The Board may allow candidates to make application to take all divisions of the ARE after verification of having met the education requirements and establishing an NCARB record for the purpose of documenting architectural work experience in IDP or its equivalent as determined by NCARB.
 - 3.4.1.4 The Board will allow applicants to take the ARE at any NCARB-approved test center.
 - 3.4.1.5 The Board will accept the examination result as determined by NCARB.
 - 3.4.1.6 If there is any alleged improper behavior on the part of an applicant, the Board will investigate the allegation and take appropriate action.
 - 3.4.1.7 An applicant must have passed the examination in accordance with the NCARB pass/fail standards current at the time the applicant took the examination.
 - 3.4.1.8 For security reasons, items in the examination will not be available for review by the examinee. Examinees have the right to review or challenge failed divisions of the ARE through the Board in accordance with NCARB rules and policies.
- 3.4.2 Rolling Clock
- 3.4.2.1 Applicants shall be required to complete the ARE within the time limitations set by NCARB policies and procedures.
 - 3.4.2.2 Approval to sit for the ARE shall terminate if the applicant has not attempted a division of the ARE within five years of such approval. Any applicant seeking initial licensure in Nebraska and whose test approval has terminated must submit a new application to the Board for approval to take the ARE.
- 3.4.3 The Nebraska E&A Act Examination
- 3.4.3.1 Following successful passage of the ARE, an applicant must pass an examination, prepared and administered by the Board, on the E&A Act, E&A Rules, and practice ethics.

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

- 3.4.3.2 The purpose of the examination is to test applicants' familiarity with the E&A Act, E&A Rules, and the ethics of practicing architecture.
- 3.4.3.3 After a second or subsequent failure of the Nebraska E&A Act Examination, the candidate may be required to acquire additional instruction before being reexamined. Such candidates shall be eligible for examination every thirty days.

3.5 Application for ARE Examination

- 3.5.1 To be eligible to sit for the ARE examination, an applicant must:
 - 3.5.1.1 Submit a completed application to the Board, accompanied by the filing fee established by the Board;
 - 3.5.1.2 Provide satisfactory evidence of meeting the education requirement as set forth in these rules. Such evidence shall be received directly from the institution at which the education was received, the institution's authorized agent, or NCARB;
 - 3.5.1.3 Submit five references indicating good reputation and ethical character, three of which must be architects; and
 - 3.5.1.3.1 If an applicant cannot provide three references from architects, five references must still be submitted along with an explanation as to why the professional references cannot be submitted.
 - 3.5.1.4 Submit verification that the applicant has established an NCARB record for the purpose documenting architectural work experience.

3.6 Certificates

- 3.6.1 When the Board has determined that an applicant for licensure by examination has satisfied the licensure requirements set forth herein, the Board shall issue a certificate of licensure containing the architect's full name and license number.

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

CHAPTER 4. COMITY

4.1 Comity for Engineers

4.1.1 Discipline of Licensure by Comity

4.1.1.1 In order to be eligible for licensure in Nebraska the engineering applicant must qualify in one or more engineering discipline(s).

4.1.1.2 Verification of good standing must be provided by the licensing authority of the candidate's current licensure, including the discipline of the PE Examination.

4.1.1.2.1 In the event the licensing authority does not license by discipline or have record of examination discipline, verification of discipline of practice may be provided by the affidavit of an individual with knowledge of the applicant's discipline of practice.

4.1.1.3 With respect to candidates applying for licensure who have passed the NCEES Structural I examination, such candidates may be licensed as a Professional Civil Engineer or another applicable discipline approved by the Board. Such applicants cannot be licensed as a Structural Engineer without also having passed the NCEES Structural II examination.

4.1.1.4 Professional Architectural Engineer

4.1.1.4.1 Professional Engineers licensed on the basis of the Architectural Engineering examination shall be designated Professional Architectural Engineers.

4.1.1.4.2 Professional Architectural Engineers shall not practice or offer to practice architecture.

4.1.1.5 Professional Structural Engineer (S.E.)

4.1.1.5.1 Professional Engineers licensed on the basis of a structural engineering examination of at least sixteen hours and/or experience shall be designated Professional Structural Engineers and may use the designation S.E. with their name.

4.1.2 Comity Licensure for Model Law Engineers and Model Law Structural Engineers

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

- 4.1.2.1 The Board staff is authorized to review and evaluate the applications of comity applicants to determine if they meet or exceed the criteria of a MLE or MLSE as designated by NCEES.
- 4.1.2.2 If the applicant meets or exceeds these requirements, the Board staff may issue a conditional license authorizing that individual to provide engineering services in Nebraska if the applicant:
 - 4.1.2.2.1 Files an application with required fee;
 - 4.1.2.2.2 Submits satisfactory evidence of such MLE or MLSE designation to the Board; and
 - 4.1.2.2.3 Passes the Nebraska E&A Act Examination in accordance with Rule 2.4.5.
- 4.1.2.3 Any information requested on the application with respect to education, experience, or references may be provided by submitting an NCEES record.
- 4.1.2.4 A listing of professional engineers issued conditional licenses will be placed on the agenda of the next meeting of the Board for formal approval by the Board.
- 4.1.3 Jurisdictional Comity
 - 4.1.3.1 An engineering applicant who holds a current and valid license issued by a licensing authority of another jurisdiction that is recognized by the Board may be licensed by Jurisdictional Comity after the applicant:
 - 4.1.3.1.1 Files an application with required fee;
 - 4.1.3.1.2 Submits satisfactory evidence of such licensure to the Board;
 - 4.1.3.1.3 Submits three references from professional engineers indicating good reputation and ethical character. In the event three professional engineers are not available to make such references, the applicant shall submit an explanation for the Board's review;
 - 4.1.3.1.4 Submits verification that the applicant has passed the FE and PE Examinations;

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

- 4.1.3.1.5 Submits verification that the applicant has satisfied the education requirements set forth in Rule 2.2; and
- 4.1.3.1.6 Passes the Nebraska E&A Act Examination in accordance with Rule 2.4.5.
- 4.1.3.2 Any information requested on the application with respect to education, experience, or references may be provided by submitting an NCEES record.
- 4.1.3.3 The application will go to the Board for review and final approval.
- 4.1.4 Comity Licensure by Experience
 - 4.1.4.1 Notwithstanding the education requirement of Rule 4.1.3.1.5, engineers who are licensed by a licensing authority recognized by the Board and who have at least 15 years of licensed professional engineering work experience may be licensed by experience if the engineer:
 - 4.1.4.1.1 Files an application with required fee;
 - 4.1.4.1.2 Submits satisfactory evidence of 15 years of licensed work experience in a discipline acceptable to the Board;
 - 4.1.4.1.3 Provides three references from professional engineers indicating good reputation and ethical character. In the event three professional engineers are not available to make such references, the applicant shall submit an explanation for the Board's review; and
 - 4.1.4.1.4 Passes the Nebraska E&A Act Examination in accordance with Rule 2.4.5.
 - 4.1.4.2 Any information requested on the application with respect to education, experience, or references may be provided by submitting an NCEES record.
 - 4.1.4.3 The application will go to the Board for review and final approval.
- 4.1.5 Temporary Permit
 - 4.1.5.1 An engineering applicant who holds a current and valid license issued by a licensing authority of another jurisdiction that is recognized by the Board may

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

apply for a Temporary Permit for the purpose of providing engineering service on a single project, not to exceed two years, after the applicant:

- 4.1.5.1.1 Files an application with required fee;
 - 4.1.5.1.2 Submits satisfactory evidence of such licensure to the Board. Such evidence must be received directly from the licensing authority or NCEES; and
 - 4.1.5.1.3 Passes an examination, prepared and administered by the Board, on the E&A Act, E&A Rules, and practice ethics.
- 4.1.5.2 The permit will include a template containing the applicant's name, permit number, expiration date, and project name and location.
- 4.1.5.3 In the event the project lasts longer than two years, the temporary permit holder must obtain a Nebraska license.
- 4.1.5.4 Engineers holding a temporary permit shall use their seal from the state of verified licensure when sealing documents pertaining to the Nebraska project and shall accompany the seal with the template issued by the Board.
- 4.1.5.5 An engineer is eligible for only one temporary permit.
- 4.1.5.6 Applications for temporary permits may be administratively approved by Board staff but are conditional until formally approved by the Board.

4.2 Comity Licensure for Architects

4.2.1 Comity Licensure for NCARB Certificate Holders

- 4.2.1.1 The Board staff is authorized to review and evaluate the applications of all comity applicants to determine if they meet or exceed the criteria of an NCARB Certificate Holder.
- 4.2.1.2 If the applicant meets or exceeds these requirements, the Board staff may issue a conditional license authorizing that individual to offer or provide architectural services in Nebraska if the applicant:
 - 4.2.1.2.1 Files an application with the required fee;

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

- 4.2.1.2.2 Submits satisfactory evidence of having an NCARB Certificate;
 - 4.2.1.2.3 Submits three references indicating good reputation and ethical character; and
 - 4.2.1.2.4 Passes the Nebraska E&A Act Examination in accordance with Rule 3.4.3.
- 4.2.1.3 A listing of all architects issued conditional licenses will be placed on the agenda of the next meeting of the Board for formal approval by the Board.
- 4.2.2 Comity Licensure by Experience (no NCARB Record or NCARB Certificate)
- 4.2.2.1 Architects who are licensed by a licensing authority recognized by the Board by professional examination and who have at least 15 years of licensed architectural work experience may be licensed by experience if they:
 - 4.2.2.1.1 File the Nebraska application with required fee;
 - 4.2.2.1.2 Submit satisfactory evidence of 15 years of licensed work experience acceptable to the Board;
 - 4.2.2.1.3 Provide three references indicating good reputation and ethical character; and
 - 4.2.2.1.4 Pass the Nebraska E&A Act Examination in accordance with Rule 3.4.3.
 - 4.2.2.2 The application will go to the Board for review and final approval.
- 4.2.3 Temporary Permit
- 4.2.3.1. An architect applicant who holds a current and valid license issued by a licensing authority in another jurisdiction that is recognized by the Board may apply for a Temporary Permit for the purpose of providing architectural service on a single project, not to exceed two years, if the applicant:
 - 4.2.3.1.1 Files an application with the required fee;

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

- 4.2.3.1.2 Submits satisfactory evidence of such licensure to the Board. Such evidence must be received directly from the licensing authority of NCARB; and
- 4.2.3.1.3 Passes an examination, prepared and administered by the Board, on the E&A Act, E&A Rules, and practice ethics.
- 4.2.3.2 The permit will include a template containing the architect's name, permit number, expiration date, and project name and location.
- 4.2.3.3 In the event the project lasts longer than two years, the temporary permit holder must obtain a Nebraska license.
- 4.2.3.4 Architects holding a temporary permit shall use their seal from the state of verified licensure when sealing documents pertaining to the Nebraska project, and shall accompany the seal with the template issued by the Board.
- 4.2.3.5 An architect is eligible for only one temporary permit.
- 4.2.3.6 Applications for temporary permits may be administratively approved by Board staff, but are conditional until formally approved by the Board.

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

CHAPTER 5. CODE OF PRACTICE

5.1 Competence

- 5.1.1 In practicing engineering or architecture, the architect or professional engineer shall act with reasonable care and competence and shall apply the technical knowledge and skill ordinarily applied by architects or professional engineers of good standing in the same locality.
- 5.1.2 In designing a project, the architect or professional engineer shall take into account all applicable federal, state, and municipal laws and regulations. While the architect or professional engineer may rely on the advice of other professionals (e.g., attorneys, architects, professional engineers, or other qualified persons) as to the intent and meaning of such regulations, once having obtained such advice, the architect or professional engineer shall not knowingly design a project in violation of such laws and regulations.
- 5.1.3 The architect or professional engineer shall undertake to perform professional services only when they, together with those whom the architect or professional engineer may engage as consultants, is qualified by education, training, and experience in the specific technical areas involved.
- 5.1.4 No person shall be permitted to practice engineering or architecture if, in the Board's judgment, such person's professional competence is substantially impaired by physical or mental disabilities.
- 5.1.5 An architect or professional engineer convicted of a crime in connection with their profession or a crime of moral turpitude under state law, federal law, or the law of another jurisdiction, may be held in violation of the code of practice if, in the opinion of the Board, the events and circumstances leading to the conviction indicate a condition which would affect the competency of the architect or professional engineer to serve the health, safety, and welfare of the public.
- 5.1.6 The architect or professional engineer shall not sign, seal, or attest to any work pertaining to any technical discipline or specialty that the architect or professional engineer does not have professional training and experience.

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

5.2 Conflict of Interest

- 5.2.1 The architect or professional engineer shall not accept compensation for their services from more than one party on a project unless the circumstances are fully disclosed to and agreed to (such disclosure and agreement to be in writing) by all interested parties.
- 5.2.2 If the architect or professional engineer has any business association or direct or indirect financial interest which is substantial enough to influence their judgment in the selection of any contractor or sub-consultant, or in connection with their performance of professional services, the architect or professional engineer shall fully disclose in writing to their client or employer the nature of the business association or financial interest. If the client or employer objects to such association or financial interest, the architect or professional engineer will either terminate such association or interest, or offer to give up the commission or employment.
- 5.2.3 The architect or professional engineer shall not solicit or accept compensation from material or equipment suppliers, contractors, or sub-consultants in return for specifying or endorsing their products.
- 5.2.4 When acting as the interpreter of construction contract documents, studies, and reports, the architect or professional engineer shall render decisions impartially. When acting as the judge of contract performance, the architect or professional engineer shall render decisions in an objective manner, favoring neither party to the contract.
- 5.2.5 An architect or professional engineer who initiates a complaint to the Board shall not become involved as the architect or professional engineer of record for the project which was the subject of the complaint.
- 5.2.6 Architects and professional engineers shall not solicit or accept a contract for professional services from a governmental body when the architect or professional engineer, or a principal or officer of the architect's or professional engineer's organization, serves as a voting or non-voting member, whether elected or appointed, or serves as an employee or contractor to perform professional services, of the same governmental body which is procuring the professional services. For purposes of this subparagraph, "governmental body" means a board, council, commission, or similar multi-membered body of any county or political subdivision. Architects and professional engineers are not in violation of this provision, however, if the architect or professional engineer, or the principal or officer of their organization who serves as a member of the governmental body, plays no role in the solicitation or procurement of the contract on behalf of the governmental body.

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

5.3 Disclosure of Professional Relationships or Responsibility

- 5.3.1 When making public statements on engineering or architectural questions, the architect or professional engineer shall disclose if they are being compensated for making such statements.
- 5.3.2 The architect or professional engineer shall accurately represent to a prospective or existing client or employer their qualifications and the scope of their responsibility in connection with work for which they are claiming credit.
- 5.3.3 The architect or professional engineer possessing knowledge of a violation of these rules by another architect or professional engineer shall report such knowledge to the Board.

5.4 Compliance with Laws

- 5.4.1 The architect or professional engineer shall not, in the conduct of their engineering or architectural practice, knowingly violate any state or federal criminal law. Allegations of violations of this section may be based on an independent finding of a violation of the law by a court of competent jurisdiction or an administrative or regulatory body.
- 5.4.2 The architect or professional engineer shall neither offer nor give any gift of significant value, or any monetary payment to a government official with the intent of influencing the official's judgment in connection with a prospective or existing project in which the architect or professional engineer is interested or has an interest.
- 5.4.3 The architect or professional engineer shall comply with the laws and regulations governing their professional practice in any United States jurisdiction.
 - 5.4.3.1 An architect or professional engineer may be subject to disciplinary action if, based on grounds substantially similar to those which lead to disciplinary action in this jurisdiction, the architect or professional engineer is disciplined in any other United States jurisdiction.
 - 5.4.3.2 A person whose Nebraska license was issued on the basis of an NCARB Certificate or NCEES Record shall, upon suspension or revocation, have their Nebraska license suspended until the certificate or record is reinstated.
 - 5.4.3.3 A Nebraska license based upon comity with another jurisdiction shall be concurrently suspended upon suspension or revocation of that jurisdiction's license, pending reinstatement of the license by the other jurisdiction.

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

5.4.3.4 A license under suspension must be kept current through the suspension period. If the license has expired during the suspension period, a new application for licensure will be required.

5.4.4 Architects and/or professional engineers are responsible for obtaining formal review and approval of design work when such approval is required prior to construction.

5.5 Professional Conduct

5.5.1 Each organization maintained for the purpose of serving the public through professional engineering or architectural work, including the preparation of drawings, specifications, reports, and the administration of contract documents, shall have a qualified architect or professional engineer in responsible charge of the work.

5.5.2 The architect or professional engineer shall not sign or seal drawings, specifications, reports, or other professional work for which they do not have direct supervision. If the portions of such professional work were prepared by the architect's or professional engineer's consultants who are licensed under the law of the State of Nebraska or another state, the architect or professional engineer may sign or seal that portion of the professional work if the architect or professional engineer has reviewed such portion, has coordinated its preparation, and accepts responsibility for its adequacy.

5.5.3 The architect or professional engineer shall not engage in conduct involving fraud or wanton disregard of the rights of others.

5.5.4 The architect or professional engineer shall not engage in unethical, immoral, or dishonorable conduct that would indicate lack of fitness to perform the tasks required by clients or a level of proficiency that is insufficient to serve the public interest.

5.5.5 The architect or professional engineer shall not in advertisements or public statements engage in misleading, untruthful, or improbable statements, or flamboyant, exaggerated or extravagant claims concerning the architect's or professional engineer's professional excellence or abilities.

5.5.6 The architect or professional engineer shall not knowingly aid or abet the practice or the performance of activities requiring a license by a person not licensed to conduct such practice or activity.

5.5.7 The architect or professional engineer shall not deliberately make a materially false statement or fail deliberately to disclose accurately and completely a material fact

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

requested in connection with their application for licensure or renewal or otherwise requested by the Board.

- 5.5.8 The architect or professional engineer shall not assist the application for licensure of a person known by the architect or professional engineer to be unqualified in respect to education, training, experience, or character.

- 5.5.9 If, in the course of their work on a project, an architect or professional engineer becomes aware of a decision or an action taken by the employer or client against the architect's or professional engineer's advice, which violates applicable laws and regulations and which will, in the architect's or professional engineer's judgment, have a material adverse effect on the safety to the public of the finished project, the architect or professional engineer shall advise the employer or the client of the violation and request reconsideration of the decision or action. In the event the employer or client does not reverse or alter the decision or action in order to bring it into conformity with applicable laws, the architect or professional engineer shall:
 - 5.5.9.1 Report the decision or action to the local building inspector or other public official charged with the enforcement of the applicable laws and regulations;

 - 5.5.9.2 Refuse to consent to the decision or action; and

 - 5.5.9.3 In circumstances where the architect or professional engineer reasonably believes that other such decisions or actions will be taken notwithstanding their objection, terminate their services with reference to the project.

5.6 Use of Regulated Titles

- 5.6.1 Architects or professional engineers who are licensed in Nebraska may identify themselves as such.

- 5.6.2 Architects or professional engineers who are not licensed in Nebraska, but who hold a valid license in another jurisdiction recognized by the Board:
 - 5.6.2.1 May identify themselves as such on correspondence and other routine documents that do not contain an offer to provide professional services;

 - 5.6.2.2 May identify themselves as such on correspondence and other documents that offer to provide professional services in Nebraska, *if* such documents clearly indicate and disclose that the architect or professional engineer:

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

- 5.6.2.2.1 Holds a valid and current license in another jurisdiction recognized by the Board;
 - 5.6.2.2.2 Does not hold a current and valid license from Nebraska;
 - 5.6.2.2.3 Would have to obtain a license in Nebraska in order to perform the services described in the offer; and
 - 5.6.2.2.4 Has a reasonable likelihood of being issued a license in Nebraska.
- 5.6.3 Individuals who do not hold a current and valid license in any jurisdiction shall not use the titles architect or professional engineer.

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

CHAPTER 6. THE LICENSEE SEAL

6.1 Use of the Seal

- 6.1.1 Each person licensed as an architect or professional engineer must have a seal that bears the licensee's name, their license number, the words "State of Nebraska," and whether the individual is licensed to practice as a professional engineer, with discipline specified, or an architect.
- 6.1.2 The purpose of the seal is to assist in identification of the design professional responsible for work performed under the requirements of the E&A Act.
- 6.1.3 The seal used by an architect or professional engineer shall be legible, whether an embossing, computer generated, or other type of seal. In the absence of legibility, the seal is invalid.
- 6.1.4 The responsible architect or professional engineer shall identify all work that they have prepared, as well as all work that has been prepared under their direct supervision, by applying their seal to each sheet of original drawings.
- 6.1.5 All specifications, reports, studies, and other documents prepared as architectural or professional engineering services shall be sealed on the title page and/or the first page, as well as the last page, of the document by the individual architect or professional engineer responsible for the work. Two or more architects or professional engineers may affix their signatures and seals to a sheet provided it is designated by a note under the seal the specific subject matter for which each is responsible.
- 6.1.6 No seal shall be valid unless signed across the face of the seal with the architect's or professional engineer's name and the date on which the material was signed.
- 6.1.7 Documents clearly marked as "Draft" prepared for preliminary submission and review do not require the professional's seal, signature, and date, including documents prepared for a client or governmental agency, unless otherwise required by that entity.
- 6.1.8 Architects and professional engineers are responsible for providing adequate security over their seal and signature wherever it appears, regardless of whether the seal and signature is produced electronically or by other means.
- 6.1.9 Record and as-built drawings.

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

- 6.1.9.1 Architects and professional engineers are not obligated to seal record or as-built drawings.
- 6.1.9.2 If an architect or professional engineer elects to seal record or as-built drawings, the seal may be applied only to the work over which the architect or professional engineer had direct supervision or which the architect or professional engineer personally observed during construction.
- 6.1.9.3 Architects and professional engineers shall not seal drawings that represent changes not actually observed during construction.
- 6.1.9.4 Architects and professional engineers may include notations on record or as-built drawings that indicate the work that they can actually confirm based on information obtained through observation, interview, samples, and other reliable sources, such as the following:

These record drawings are a compilation of a copy of the sealed [engineering/architectural] drawings for this project, as modified by addenda, change orders, and information furnished by the contractor or others on the project. The information shown on the record drawings that was provided by the contractor or others not associated with the design [engineer/architect] cannot be verified for accuracy or completeness. The original sealed drawings are on file at the offices of [...].
- 6.1.9.5 Alternatively, architects and professional engineers may seal and sign a cover letter stating what they have determined to be as-built through their own research and attach the letter to the drawings or plans.
- 6.1.9.6 Documentation of the work that was actually constructed is not the practice of architecture or engineering under the E&A Act.

6.2 Projects Based on Previously Sealed Project Documents

- 6.2.1 Design documents prepared for projects that are designed by architects and professional engineers licensed in jurisdictions other than Nebraska may be used for the construction of the project in Nebraska if reviewed, revised as appropriate, and sealed by an architect or professional engineer licensed in Nebraska under the following circumstances:
 - 6.2.1.1 The original architects and/or professional engineers provide written consent for the adaptation of the documents or, if such permission cannot reasonably

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

be obtained, the architect or professional engineer seeking to adapt the documents provides a written explanation of the circumstances that prevent such permission from being obtained;

- 6.2.1.2 The documents include appropriate revisions relating to site and local climate considerations;
- 6.2.1.3 The documents are reviewed for zoning and code compliance, and revised as necessary;
- 6.2.1.4 The architect or professional engineer in Nebraska accepts full responsibility of the revised documents; and
- 6.2.1.5 The seal of a coordinating professional is applied, if required.

6.3 The Coordinating Professional

- 6.3.1 The Coordinating Professional is a licensed professional engineer or architect recognized as such by the project owner.
- 6.3.2 The Coordinating Professional's role is:
 - 6.3.2.1 To coordinate communication between the design professionals related to technical documents on the project;
 - 6.3.2.2 To act as project liaison with the governing building official; and
 - 6.3.2.3 To verify that all design disciplines involved in a project are working in coordination with one another, and that any changes made to the design are approved by the corresponding discipline, so that life, health, safety, and welfare are not compromised.
- 6.3.3 The Coordinating Professional's seal does not indicate responsible charge or direct supervision of the work.
- 6.3.4 The Coordinating Professional must use the following language in conjunction with their individual seal for identification as the Coordinating Professional: "I, (name of licensee), am the Coordinating Professional on the (name of project) project."

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

CHAPTER 7. ORGANIZATIONAL PRACTICE

7.1 Applications

Organizations practicing or offering to practice engineering or architecture in Nebraska shall apply to the Board for a Certificate of Authorization. The Board will review the organization's application and issue a Certificate of Authorization if the minimum requirements are satisfied. The certificate is for use only by the organization to indicate that it has satisfied the minimum requirements of the Board for a period of two years to practice or offer to practice the professions of engineering and/or architecture in the State of Nebraska. The certificate of authorization shall be used to file any applications with the Nebraska Secretary of State to fulfill the appropriate statutes or requirements for practicing in Nebraska as a corporation, partnership, limited liability company, professional corporation, or other such organizational designations appropriate under Nebraska law.

7.2 Minimum Organizational Requirements

- 7.2.1 The minimum requirement for an organization to practice engineering in Nebraska is to have one professional engineer for engineering practice for the duration of the certificate of authorization.
- 7.2.2 The minimum requirement for an organization to practice architecture in Nebraska is to have one architect for architectural practice for the duration of the certificate of authorization.
- 7.2.3 The minimum requirement for an organization to practice engineering and architecture in Nebraska is to have one professional engineer and one architect for engineering and architectural practice for the duration of the certificate of authorization.
- 7.2.4 The architect and/or professional engineer must be licensed to practice in the State of Nebraska and must regularly perform professional services for the organization.

7.3 Criteria for Issuing a Certificate of Authorization

- 7.3.1 For certification to practice the profession of engineering, the signature of one or more professional engineers licensed in the State of Nebraska must appear on the organization application.
- 7.3.2 For certification to practice the profession of architecture, the signature of one or more architects licensed in the State of Nebraska must appear on the organization application.

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

- 7.3.3 A licensed professional whose signature appears on the application may or may not have ownership interest in the organization.
- 7.3.4 The applicant must pay appropriate application fees.
- 7.3.5 An individual who has elected to take emeritus status is not eligible to sign an organization's application for a Certificate of Authorization.
- 7.3.6 Should any licensed professional who has signed the application leave the organization, die, or lose their signatory authority, the organization within 30 days must notify the Board and file an amendment to its application identifying the new licensed professional with signatory authority.
- 7.3.7 A temporary permit may be issued to a qualifying applicant practicing through an organization when the associated organization obtains a certificate of authorization.
 - 7.3.7.1 The temporary permit holder will be listed on the certificate of authorization as the architect or professional engineer in responsible charge of the organization.
- 7.3.8 Applications for temporary permits may be administratively approved by Board staff but are conditional until formally approved by the Board.

7.4 Design-Build

An organization may offer or provide engineering and/or architectural services combined with construction services under the following conditions:

- 7.4.1 An architect and/or professional engineer licensed to practice in Nebraska participates substantially in those aspects of the services which involve engineering and/or architectural services;
- 7.4.2 At the time the organization offers to perform such combined services, the organization shall deliver to the project owner a written statement identifying the architect and/or professional engineer who will perform the architectural &/or engineering services for the design-build project;
- 7.4.3 The architect and/or professional engineer engaged by such organization to perform the engineering and/or architectural services with respect to a design-build project shall have direct supervision of such work;

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

- 7.4.4 If an architect and/or professional engineer engaged by such organization to perform the architectural and/or engineering services on the project ceases to be involved in the project, the design-builder shall promptly notify the project owner of such departure and of the identification of the architect and/or professional engineer who will assume those responsibilities;
- 7.4.5 An organization offering design-build services, using its own employees who are licensed as architects or professional engineers in Nebraska, shall comply with the E&A Act by procuring a certificate of authorization to practice engineering and/or architecture; and
- 7.4.6 The performance of architectural and/or engineering services by such licensed architect and/or professional engineer shall conform to the E&A Act and E&A Rules.

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

CHAPTER 8. ENFORCEMENT

8.1 Initial Review of Complaints and Compliance Issues

- 8.1.1 When a complaint is received by the Board in which a person or organization is alleged to have violated the Act, or if the Board becomes aware of a compliance issue that may constitute a violation of the Act, the Board may refer the complaint or compliance issue to a committee or an investigator, or may consider the complaint or compliance issue without such referral.
- 8.1.2 If applicable, the committee or investigator shall make a recommendation as to:
 - 8.1.2.1 Whether the matter should be dismissed for lack of probable cause; or
 - 8.1.2.2 Whether there is probable cause that a violation of the Act has occurred; or
 - 8.1.2.3 Whether further investigation is required in order to determine whether there is probable cause.
- 8.1.3 Upon receipt of a recommendation or upon consideration by the entire Board, the Board will determine whether there is probable cause and, if so, whether informal or formal process should be undertaken to resolve the matter. If the Board finds there is no probable cause, the complaint shall be dismissed.
 - 8.1.3.1 The Board may make a determination on probable cause with or without having requested a response from the respondent.
- 8.1.4 A complaint or compliance issue against any person or organization may be brought in the name of the Board.

8.2 Informal Process

The Board may utilize an informal process as described below in lieu of, or as a prerequisite for, entering into a formal legal process.

- 8.2.1 The respondent shall be entitled to copies of the complaint and all information upon which the probable cause determination was made.
- 8.2.2 The Board and the respondent may reach an agreement as to the terms of the resolution of the matter without the respondent's appearance before the Board.

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

- 8.2.3 If an agreement is not reached without the appearance of the respondent, the respondent will be requested in writing to appear before the Board for an informal discussion of the matter.
 - 8.2.3.1 The Board may, but need not, request any other party involved in the complaint to appear along with the respondent. Such appearance is voluntary and cannot be compelled.
 - 8.2.3.2 Copies of the documents referred to in Rule 8.2.1 shall be provided to the respondent no later than the time the request to appear is made.
- 8.2.4 At the scheduled meeting with the Board, the Board shall clearly state to the party or parties that the meeting is informal and that no individuals or organizations will be giving up their rights to due process by participating in the informal process.
- 8.2.5 The Board may request that a party or parties bring materials, documents, or exhibits to facilitate the informal discussion with the Board.
- 8.2.6 The matter will be resolved if the Board and the respondent can reach terms of mutual agreement on the issues, and a consent agreement or other such document is executed on those terms. Acceptable terms may include, but are not limited to, a requirement for additional professional education, limitations on practice, civil penalties, and assessment of fees and/or costs.
- 8.2.7 The Board may separate issues within a complaint into those that can be resolved with an informal process from those that must be resolved under a formal process.
- 8.2.8 The respondent's participation in the informal process is voluntary, not mandatory.

8.3 Formal Process

- 8.3.1 The procedure for hearings in matters not resolved by informal process shall be in accordance with Title 53, Nebraska Administrative Code, Chapter 4 of the Nebraska Department of Justice.
 - 8.3.1.1 The formal process shall be initiated by the filing of a petition in accordance with the Nebraska Administrative Code. The Board's receipt of a complaint shall not constitute the initiation of a formal process.

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

- 8.3.2 Any person aggrieved by a final decision in a formal process is entitled to judicial review under the Administrative Procedures Act, or resort to such other means of review as may be provided by law.

8.4 Remediation

- 8.4.1 Projects with inadequately sealed documents or work performed by an unlicensed individual may be remediated under the following circumstances:
- 8.4.1.1 Pursuant to a complaint alleging the unlicensed practice of engineering or architecture, the Board may, at its discretion, allow work not in compliance with the E&A Act or the E&A Rules to be remediated by the following method:
 - 8.4.1.1.1 A licensed architect or professional engineer, as appropriate, must submit a letter to the Board bearing the architect's or professional engineer's seal, explaining their relationship to the project, and identifying deficiencies, if any, found in the improperly sealed documents, including the need for involvement of other design disciplines; and
 - 8.4.1.1.2 If the project is under construction, the remediation architect or professional engineer must identify immediate concerns of public safety and, when required, notify the appropriate authority to halt construction; and
 - 8.4.1.1.3 If deficiencies are identified, the remediation architect or professional engineer must recommend design solutions to correct those deficiencies; and
 - 8.4.1.1.4 The letter will become a permanent part of the existing contract documents; and
 - 8.4.1.1.5 Revisions made to the deficient documents by the remediation architect or professional engineer must be attributed accordingly; and
 - 8.4.1.1.6 The remediation architect or professional engineer must assume responsibility for the design, and a coordinating professional must be designated if required; and

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

8.4.1.1.7 New documents, prepared by the licensed professionals involved must be sealed, signed, and dated; and

8.4.1.1.8 The remediation architect or professional engineer shall not seal any of the unsealed or improperly sealed documents with respect to the project.

8.4.1.2 The Board may take steps to issue a cease and desist order or any other remedy available to the Board under the law if, for any reason, no solutions are proposed to correct the deficiencies or the recommended solutions are not implemented.

8.5 Failure to Comply with Board Orders

8.5.1 If any person refuses to obey any decision or order of the Board, enforcement proceedings may be commenced in the appropriate district court in accordance with Neb. Rev. Stat. § 81-3440.

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

CHAPTER 9. CONTINUING EDUCATION

9.1 Introduction

- 9.1.1 Every architect and professional engineer must meet the Continuing Education requirements of these regulations as a condition for license renewal.

9.2 Definitions Regarding Continuing Education

- 9.2.1 Architects must complete 24 actual hours of architectural-related learning every biennial period to satisfy the ACE requirement; of those, at least 16 are to address the safeguarding of life, health, and property.
- 9.2.2 Professional Engineers must complete 30 actual hours of engineering-related learning every biennial period to satisfy the ECE requirement.
- 9.2.3 Web-based offerings other than those provided by (1) International Association for Continuing Educational Training (IACET) approved providers, (2) institutions of higher education that have an accredited program in architecture or engineering, (3) professional engineering or architectural societies, (4) technical societies and associations recognized at a national level, or (5) governmental agencies may constitute no more than one-fourth of the biennial education requirement that is six ACE hours or seven and one-half ECE hours.
- 9.2.4 At least one PDH hour of the biennial ACE and ECE requirements must be directly related to ethical issues of professional practice.
- 9.2.5 An individual who is both an architect and professional engineer may use ethics related hours and any other hours to satisfy both the ACE and ECE requirements if the subject directly relates to both professional practices.

9.3 Continuing Education Units and Carry-over

- 9.3.1 One Professional Development Hour (PDH) is equivalent to at least 50 minutes of instruction.
- 9.3.2 One semester credit hour of formal education is equivalent to 45 PDHs.
- 9.3.3 One quarter credit hour of formal education is equivalent to 30 PDHs.

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

- 9.3.4 Architects and professional engineers may carry up to one-half of the required continuing education credits from the previous biennial period. Excess credits can be carried over only into the biennial period immediately following the period in which the credit was earned.

9.4 Determination of Credit

- 9.4.1 The Board has final authority with respect to approval of courses, credit, unit value for courses, and other methods of earning ACE and ECE credit. No pre-approval of offerings will be issued.
- 9.4.2 Certified satisfaction of mandatory continuing education requirements in any jurisdiction recognized by the Board, for the exact renewal period in question in Nebraska, will satisfy the Nebraska requirement.

9.5 Recordkeeping

- 9.5.1 Every architect and professional engineer is responsible for maintaining records necessary to support credits claimed for continuing education. Records required include, but are not limited to:
- 9.5.1.1 A log showing the type of activity claimed, sponsoring organization, location, duration, instructor's or speaker's name, and unit credits earned; or
 - 9.5.1.2 Attendance verification records in the form of completion certificates or other documents supporting evidence of attendance; or
 - 9.5.1.3 Records relating to continuing education that are maintained by NCEES, NCARB, or other organizations may be accepted by the Board as evidence of completion of the ACE or ECE requirements.

9.6 Exemptions and Waiver

- 9.6.1 Architects and professional engineers may be exempt from the continuing education requirements for one of the following reasons:
- 9.6.1.1 Architects and professional engineers licensed by examination or comity shall be exempt for their initial renewal period.
 - 9.6.1.2 Architects and professional engineers serving on temporary full-time active duty in the armed forces of the United States or any state for a period of time

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

exceeding 120 consecutive days in a year shall be exempt from obtaining the continuing education hours required during that year.

9.6.1.3 Architects and professional engineers experiencing physical disability, illness, or other extenuating circumstances as reviewed and approved by the Board may be exempt. Supporting documentation must be furnished to the Board.

9.6.1.4 Architects and professional engineers who have elected emeritus status are exempt from the continuing education requirement. In the event such a person elects to have their license to practice reinstated, continuing education hours must be earned for each year of emeritus status before the license will be reinstated, but not to exceed 24 hours for architects or 30 hours for professional engineers. Such credits must be earned in accordance with the restrictions related to ACE or ECE requirements.

9.6.2 The Board may, at its discretion, waive the continuing education requirement for any architect or professional engineer.

9.7 Audits

9.7.1 The Board will establish a number of architects and professional engineers, to be selected at random, to submit substantiating information to support their continuing education claim.

9.7.2 Board staff is authorized to approve continuing education audit submittals for license renewals. Submittals that raise significant questions of acceptability will be forwarded to an individual Board member for final determination.

9.7.3 If the Board disallows any of the ACE or ECE hours claimed, the applicant for licensure renewal or reinstatement shall have 120 days after notification to substantiate the original claim or to earn other credit to meet the minimum requirements.

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

CHAPTER 10. EXEMPTIONS; CLARIFICATION

10.1 Introduction

Any citation to the state building code shall mean the most recent edition of the state building code as adopted in Neb. Rev. Stat. § 71-6403.

10.2 Definitions; Neb. Rev. Stat. §§ 81-3449 (1) & 81-3453 (1)

The following definitions may be used as an adjunct to that reference:

10.2.1 Above-grade Finished Space: For single-family through 4-dwelling units; this includes all enclosed, potentially-habitable area on any level, up to a maximum of three levels.

10.2.2 Detached sheds or storage buildings and attached or detached garages, up to a maximum of three stalls, are exempted from the area calculations for Residential occupancies.

10.2.3 Occupancy Classification relates to the type of occupancy intended for the built area and shall be as defined in the state building code.

10.2.4 Building area shall be as defined in the state building code.

10.3 Statutory Exemptions to the Engineers and Architects Regulation Act

Notwithstanding other provisions of the E&A Act, persons who are not licensed architects or professional engineers may perform planning and design services in connection with any building, structure, or work as indicated below:

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

| | OCCUPANCY CLASSIFICATION | MAXIMUM BUILDING AREA |
|---------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| 10.3.1 | A - Assembly | Less than 1,000 square feet |
| 10.3.2 | B - Business | Less than 3,000 square feet |
| 10.3.3 | E - Educational | Less than 1,000 square feet |
| 10.3.4 | F - Factory | Less than 5,000 square feet |
| 10.3.5 | H - Hazardous | |
| | H-1, H-2, H-3, H-4 | Less than 2,000 square feet |
| | H-5 | Less than 4,000 square feet |
| 10.3.6 | I - Institutional | |
| | I-1 Personal care | Less than 3,000 square feet |
| | I-2 Healthcare | Less than 5,000 square feet |
| | I-1 Detention | Less than 3,000 square feet |
| | I-4 Day care | Less than 2,000 square feet |
| 10.3.7 | M - Mercantile | Less than 3,000 square feet |
| 10.3.8 | R - Residential | |
| | R-1, R-2, R-4 | Less than 4,000 square feet |
| | R-3 single family | Less than 10,000 square feet |
| 10.3.9 | S - Storage | Less than 5,000 square feet |
| 10.3.10 | U - Utility | Less than 5,000 square feet |

10.3.11 Any structure which contains two or more occupancies shall be governed by the most restrictive occupancy for the purpose of utilizing Rule 10.3.

10.4 Renovations and One-Level Additions

10.4.1 Renovations and one-level additions to an existing building, structure, or work shall be exempt from the E&A Act if:

10.4.1.1 The total impacted area is less than the area set by Section 10.3 of this Chapter; and

10.4.1.2 The area of renovation or addition does not adversely impact the mechanical system; the electrical system; the structural integrity; the means of egress; and does not change or come into conflict with the occupancy classification of the existing or adjacent tenant space, building, structure or work.

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

10.5 The Practice of Engineering and Architecture

- 10.5.1 The development and utilization of construction means and methods such as schedules, work plans, work orders and directions, procedures, construction calculations, selection, provision and use of temporary facilities in support of construction activities, reports, selection and use of safety procedures and facilities, instructions and similar items customarily used by contractors to implement construction work designed by licensed persons does not constitute the practice of engineering or architecture.
- 10.5.2 The preparation by employees of construction companies of ancillary drawings and data, such as field details, shop drawings, product data, conceptual drawings, calculations, diagrammatic instructions and similar documents and information, which are typically utilized to implement the construction of a facility designed by a licensed person does not constitute the practice of engineering or architecture.
- 10.5.3 The performance of field layout and installation work by employees of construction companies on projects designed by a licensed person or persons, including construction work such as field staking and measurement; installation of material or equipment at designed locations or locations selected in the field; field fitup and modification work; and layout of construction installation and support work does not constitute the practice of engineering or architecture.
- 10.5.4 The estimate of the cost of construction work (including the extent of the cost of changes in the work) by construction companies including such things as preparing and reviewing preliminary concepts of the project, identifying the scope of the construction work, preparing preliminary schedules and sequences for the construction work, and evaluating the estimates of subcontractors and suppliers, does not constitute the practice of engineering or architecture.
- 10.5.5 The performance of work customarily involved in project management of construction work on projects designed by licensed persons does not constitute the practice of engineering or architecture. Examples would be:
 - 10.5.5.1 The evaluation of the project and its budget;
 - 10.5.5.2 Services relating to financing the project;
 - 10.5.5.3 Recommendations on construction feasibility, timing of design and construction, and factors relating to construction costs such as alternative designs prepared by a licensed professional;

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

- 10.5.5.4 Procurement of labor and materials;
- 10.5.5.5 Coordination and evaluation of subcontractor performance;
- 10.5.5.6 Preparation of schedules;
- 10.5.5.7 Estimating the project costs;
- 10.5.5.8 Performing construction work; and
- 10.5.5.9 Reporting on the progress and costs of the work.

10.5.6 Preliminary and Final Plats

Preparation of a preliminary plat is not restricted, but the final plat must be prepared and certified by a registered Land Surveyor. If, however, the final plat contains streets (other than rights-of-way), sewers, water lines, or other engineering works, it needs to be prepared and certified by both a registered Land Surveyor and a professional engineer. Mathematical details of the final plat are the responsibility of the registered Land Surveyor. Physical details, such as grading, public works, or construction are the responsibility of the professional engineer and may not be certified by the registered Land Surveyor.

10.5.7 Livestock Waste Permits; Neb. Rev. Stat. §§ 81-3449(13) & 81-3453(12)

Under the E&A Act, the seal of an architect or professional engineer will be required for work related to livestock waste facilities only when the work falls within the definition of practice of architecture (Neb. Rev. Stat. § 81-3420) or practice of engineering (Neb. Rev. Stat. § 81-3421).

10.5.8 Water Based Fire Protection Systems; Neb. Rev. Stat. §§ 81-3449 (11) & 81-3453 (7)

Nothing in the E&A Act shall prevent a certified water-based fire protection system contractor with a responsible managing employee from engaging in the business of installation, repair, alteration, addition, maintenance, or inspection of water-based fire protection systems, or system layout recognized by the State Fire Marshal, in accordance with Neb. Rev. Stat. §§ 81-5,158 to 81-5,164.

10.5.9 Participation in a Design Competition

Conceptual design services, as provided in a design competition, are a part of the practice of architecture and engineering. Those services are also an offer to practice; therefore, design

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

professionals participating in a Design Competition in Nebraska must be licensed to practice their profession in Nebraska, or procure a temporary permit.

10.5.10 Spill Prevention Containment and Countermeasures

Preparation of Spill Prevention Containment and Countermeasure (SPCC) plans for a project located in Nebraska that requires the seal of a professional engineer, constitutes the practice of engineering and must be prepared by a professional engineer licensed by the Board.

10.6 Building Officials

Notwithstanding these exemptions, the responsible building official may require plans and specifications to be designed and prepared by an architect and/or professional engineer if the official finds a hazard to life, health, safety, or welfare due to the unusual circumstances of the building or structure or an unusually large number of potential occupants in relation to square footage for a particular occupancy.

10.7 Emergency Services

A person who is not currently licensed in this state, but who is currently licensed in another jurisdiction in the United States, may provide uncompensated (other than reimbursement of expenses) professional services at the scene of a declared emergency at the request of a public officer acting in an official capacity.

NEBRASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
Title 110 – Board of Engineers and Architects

CHAPTER 11. PROMULGATION, AMENDMENT, OR REPEAL OF RULES

11.1 Petitioning For Rulemaking

11.1.1 Petitioning for rulemaking shall be in accordance with Title 53, Nebraska Administrative Code, Chapter 2 of the Nebraska Department of Justice.